

MATHEMATICS

Course 18

Department Contact

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Description

Mathematicians use mathematical theory, computational techniques, algorithms, and the latest computer technology to solve economic, scientific, engineering, physics, and business problems. Math majors study quantities, forms, and symbolic logic in such subjects as algebra, geometry, calculus, logic, topology, and number theory. Theoretical mathematicians advance mathematical knowledge by developing new principles and recognizing previously unknown relationships between existing principles of mathematics. Applied mathematicians use theories and techniques to formulate and solve practical problems in business, government, engineering, and in the physical, life, and social sciences.

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18 Mathematics (General, Pure, and Applied Tracks)

Undergraduates: 329

18-C Mathematics with Computer Science

Undergraduates: 147

Introductory Classes

18.03 **Differential Equations**

Study of differential equations, including modeling physical systems. Solution of first-order ODEs by analytical, graphical, and numerical methods. Linear ODEs with constant coefficients. Complex numbers and exponentials. Inhomogeneous equations: polynomial, sinusoidal, and exponential inputs. Oscillations, damping, resonance. Fourier series. Matrices, eigenvalues, eigenvectors, diagonalization. First order linear systems: normal modes, matrix exponentials, variation of parameters. Heat equation, wave equation. Nonlinear autonomous systems: critical point analysis, phase plane diagrams.

18.06 **Linear Algebra**

18.C06 Basic subject on matrix theory and linear algebra, emphasizing topics useful in other disciplines, including systems of equations, vector spaces, determinants, eigenvalues, singular value decomposition, and positive definite matrices. Applications to least-squares approximations, stability of differential equations, networks, Fourier transforms, and Markov processes.

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- 18.100A **Real Analysis**
Covers fundamentals of mathematical analysis: convergence of sequences and series, continuity, differentiability, Riemann integral, sequences and series of functions, uniformity, interchange of limit operations. Shows the utility of abstract concepts and teaches understanding and construction of proofs. Proofs and definitions are less abstract than in 18.100B. Gives applications where possible. Concerned primarily with the real line.
- 18.200 **Principles of Discrete Applied Mathematics**
Study of illustrative topics in discrete applied mathematics, including probability theory, information theory, coding theory, secret codes, generating functions, and linear programming. Instruction and practice in written communication provided.
- 18.600 **Probability and Random Variables**
Probability spaces, random variables, distribution functions. Binomial, geometric, hypergeometric, Poisson distributions. Uniform, exponential, normal, gamma and beta distributions. Conditional probability, Bayes theorem, joint distributions. Chebyshev inequality, law of large numbers, and central limit theorem.
- 18.700 **Linear Algebra**
Vector spaces, systems of linear equations, bases, linear independence, matrices, determinants, eigenvalues, inner products, quadratic forms, and canonical forms of matrices. More emphasis on theory and proofs than in 18.06.
- 18.701 **Algebra I**
18.701-18.702 is more extensive and theoretical than the 18.700-18.703 sequence. Experience with proofs necessary. 18.701 focuses on group theory, geometry, and linear algebra.

Course 18-Friendly UROP Areas

** Research is typically completed under supervision of specific professors rather than different labs. Please visit math.mit.edu/research for more information.

Get Involved with Course 18

- Undergraduate Math Association (UMA)
- Undergraduate Society for Women in Math (USWIM)
- Council for Math Majors (CoMM)

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Skills

- Analytical and quantitative reasoning
- Data analysis
- Communication and technical writing
- Independent thinking

Possible Future Jobs

- **Actuary:** Deal with the financial impact of risk and uncertainty. Actuaries mathematically evaluate the likelihood of events and quantify the contingent outcomes in order to minimize losses.
- **Mathematician:** Use mathematical theory, computational techniques, algorithms, and the latest computer technology to solve economic, scientific, engineering, and business problems.
- **Statistical consultant:** Collaborate with companies and organizations to analyze research and data.

Career Industry Examples

Accounting

Economics

Insurance

Budget analytics

Education

Investment analytics

Cryptography

Finance

Marketing

Sample Employers

Arena Investors

Goldman Sachs

Fidelity Investments

Capital One

McKinsey & Company

IMC Trading

Bracebridge Capital

Rhapsody Venture Partners

Morgan Stanley